

# KAISER KEEPS ALL GUESSING.

SECRET OF HIS TALK WITH THE  
 Czar WELL KEPT.

French Writer Says He's Working for a  
 Scandinavian Confederation—Norwegian  
 Port as Step to Russia—Humiliation  
 of Czar's Position Felt by His People.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 LONDON, July 26.—The chief topic in  
 diplomatic circles still is the meeting of  
 the Kaiser and the Czar. In the complete  
 absence of any authoritative information  
 as to what took place, speculation has  
 covered every possible corner of the Euro-  
 pean political arena. It is now universally  
 accepted that the interview was arranged  
 on the Kaiser's initiative, and this has in-  
 creased the deep feeling of uneasiness which  
 this restless and powerful statesman's  
 actions have inspired from one end of Europe  
 to the other.

Writing from St. Petersburg on July  
 24, THE SUN's correspondent says: "Among  
 all kinds of Russians the abiding impression  
 left by the Emperor's conference has in it a  
 large element of humiliation. The meet-  
 ing did not really surprise people here,  
 but it set out clearly before their eyes the  
 horrible irony of a man constituted by char-  
 acter and temperament as is Nicholas being  
 actually the autocrat over a bigger slice of  
 humanity than anybody else in the world.  
 Nobody here doubts that the Kaiser made  
 up the Czar's mind for him. Two other  
 eminent autocrats, the Sultans of Turkey  
 and Morocco, have found on important  
 occasions that their interests coincided  
 opportunely with the Kaiser's, and now  
 the Autocrat of all the Russias makes a  
 docile third."

"This, of course, is an offense to all inde-  
 pendent minded Russians. To them the  
 chief concern is, not what advice was offered  
 or what taken, but the great patent fact  
 that at a moment when everything that the  
 name of Russia stands for is passing through  
 the most terrible crisis in its history the  
 hereditary, absolute ruler of her destinies  
 should go to a masterful foreigner whose  
 very definite convictions are Germany first,  
 second and all the time, and learn from  
 him the best thing to do for Russia."

"The Czar's own people see in this an-  
 other of those heavy strokes of fate that  
 have fallen one after another throughout  
 his dismal reign ever since thousands of  
 his peasants trampled one another to death  
 on the day of his coronation."

It is only natural, perhaps, that the Rus-  
 sians in the present miserable condition of  
 their fortunes should regard chiefly this  
 aspect of the case. Others, however,  
 anxiously scrutinize every possible spot  
 where and when the Kaiser's hands may  
 next appear. The opinion is distinctly  
 growing that in addition to a discussion of  
 the war and Russia's internal condition the  
 Kaiser put forward prominently at the  
 meeting the Scandinavian question. He  
 is increasingly anxious to form a Scan-  
 dinavian dreibund, which has already been  
 referred to in these letters.

A writer in the *Echo de Paris* yesterday  
 outlines the German scheme in an article  
 which has attracted much attention. Re-  
 ferring to Emperor William's anxiety to  
 create a Scandinavian confederation of  
 which he would be the great protector, the  
 article proceeds:

"His candidate for the Norwegian throne  
 would not be a Hohenzollern, but a Danish  
 Prince. That candidate would be an  
 excellent means of reconciling Germany  
 and Denmark. Such a combination would  
 necessarily excite the distrust of Russia,  
 who would, as a matter of fact, have much  
 to lose and little to gain from the consti-  
 tution of a united Scandinavia, whose sym-  
 pathies she could never secure. It was  
 therefore necessary for the Kaiser to seek  
 some ingenious means of diminishing Rus-  
 sian mistrust by offering serious compensa-  
 tion. It would consist of proposing to the  
 Czar, with the consent of Norway, a  
 rectification of the frontier which would  
 give Russia Lyngen Fjord, a magnificent  
 ice free roadstead on the Norwegian coast."

"The strange feature of the matter is  
 the fact that Russia has long been desirous  
 of obtaining possession of Lyngen Fjord, that  
 desire having been one of the causes of  
 the Crimean War. Note the marvelous  
 Machiavellianism of the German policy,  
 which, in endeavoring to revive the question  
 of Lyngen Fjord, hopes, while facilitating the  
 Scandinavian scheme, to create a serious  
 source of friction between Russia and  
 England. The visit of the Kaiser to Copen-  
 hagen immediately following the Bjorkoe  
 conference gives a striking consistency to  
 the German schemes just set forth."

The *Specialist* devotes an article to specu-  
 lation as to what the Kaiser probably ad-  
 vised in regard to peace and the internal  
 arrangement of Russia. Pointing out that  
 China has an obvious claim to a voice in  
 the disposal of Manchuria and is otherwise  
 in a position to claim consideration, the  
*Specialist* suggests that the Kaiser use his  
 great influence at Peking to throw Chinese  
 weight on the Russian side of the scale,  
 and then try to secure a peace which will  
 will arrest actual war will leave Russians  
 and Japanese glaring at each other as  
 potential foes who are unable to afford  
 great enterprises lest their rivals take ad-  
 vantage of the opportunity. Such a peace  
 would probably concede an indemnity, but  
 would leave North Manchuria in Russian  
 hands.

It is suggested that the Kaiser, with the  
 same object of keeping his Russian neigh-  
 bor sufficiently weak to relieve him from  
 anxiety in Europe, will have to recommend  
 concessions in regard to a constitution.  
 As an upholder of the divine rights of kings,  
 the Kaiser might be expected to uphold  
 the Czar in opposition to anything con-  
 trary to the monarchical principles, but, on  
 the other hand, most Germans believe that  
 a constitution in Russia would greatly di-  
 minish the danger from the eastern border,  
 for, the *Specialist* says, "mobilization with  
 a parliament is far more difficult usually  
 and far slower than without one, and a  
 declaration of war in a constitutional mon-  
 archy requires reasons which are acceptable  
 to the people."

Kaiser Postpones Trip to Copenhagen.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 BERLIN, July 26.—The Kaiser's visit to  
 Copenhagen, which was to have been made  
 on July 31, has been postponed, as he did  
 not wish to meet the ex-Empress Eugenie,  
 who is there.

New Russian Minister of War.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—Lieut.-Gen.  
 Rodiger, chief of the chancellery of the  
 War Office, has been appointed Minister of  
 War, succeeding Lieut.-Gen. Sakharoff,  
 whose resignation was accepted by the  
 Czar on July 1.

Goldfogle to Address Arbitration Congress.

Congressman Henry M. Goldfogle of the  
 Ninth district is a delegate to the peace  
 conference of the Interparliamentary  
 Union on International Arbitration, which  
 assembles at Brussels on Aug. 28. Con-  
 gressman Goldfogle is to deliver an an-  
 nouncement at this conference and will, in  
 company with some of his colleagues, on  
 the Noordam Aug. 16.

# MARBLE MOSQUE FOR LONDON.

Place of Worship for Mohammedans and  
 Colleges for Proselytes.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 LONDON, July 26.—Among the many  
 additions to London's architectural beau-  
 ties which have been planned a prominent  
 place must be assigned to a new Muham-  
 medan mosque which has been designed by a  
 well known architect who is now at the  
 Khedive's court studying arabesque de-  
 signs for the walls and floors. The mosque  
 will be built of marble. The site is on the  
 Thames on the Lambeth side, almost op-  
 posite Westminster Abbey, where also  
 will be a monastery for teaching such Eng-  
 lishmen as will consent to go out as mis-  
 sionaries as well as a reception place for pros-  
 elytes who are to be instructed in the tenets  
 of Islam. There will also be a college  
 where students will be able to study more  
 cheaply than anywhere else in England.  
 The Shah of Persia, the Khedive of Egypt,  
 the Amir of Afghanistan, the Nizam of  
 Hyderabad, the Rajah of Rampur and a  
 number of opulent Indian princes and  
 chieftains have subscribed toward this  
 scheme and have expressed their intention  
 of helping it in every way.

BRITAIN'S MANY BANKRUPTS.

They Numbered 8,881 Last Year, with  
 Liabilities of Over \$60,000,000.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 LONDON, July 26.—A Board of Trade  
 return of the bankruptcies in Great Britain  
 for 1904 shows that they numbered 8,881,  
 of which 487 were failures of women. The  
 total liabilities were \$12,068,357. The es-  
 timated loss to creditors was \$2,371,780.

The Inspector-General calls attention to  
 the great use made of their wives by bank-  
 rupts, the wife being put up as the principal  
 and husband assuming the position of  
 manager. He also points out the steady  
 decline in the desire of bankrupts to obtain  
 their discharge. Since 1883 there have been  
 89,583 adjudications and only 19,188 ap-  
 plications for discharge. The evils caused  
 by the growing population of undischarged  
 bankrupts have been brought to the atten-  
 tion of the Board of Trade. It must be  
 remembered that a bankrupt can get credit  
 up to £20 without informing the tradesmen  
 that he is a bankrupt.

RARE SHAKESPEARE EDITIONS.

American Purchaser for Some of Them  
 at London Sale.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 LONDON, July 26.—The last book sale  
 of the season at Sotheby's, to-day realized  
 \$23,875. The sale will always be of historic  
 interest, as it included five early Shake-  
 speare quartos, all the property of George  
 Carrington, who had possessed them many  
 years, not realizing what they were. "A  
 Merchant of Venice," edition of 1632,  
 brought \$1,000; "Richard the Second," 1608,  
 \$1,200; "Henry the Fourth," 1608, \$5,000;  
 second part of the same, 1608, containing  
 William Penn's autograph, \$2,500; "King  
 Lear," 1608, \$4,500.

It is stated that the first four were bought  
 by an American and the other by an Eng-  
 lishman.

Russians Refuse to Go to War.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 PARIS, July 26.—The *Matin* says that  
 mobilization difficulties are increasing in  
 Russia. In the Kasan district alone 1,200  
 men have refused to go to the front.

BIG ED. RICE A TEAMSTER.

He Helped Jimmie Hope in the \$2,000,000  
 Bank Robbery.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Big Ed Rice, who  
 with Jimmie Hope and Big Frank McCoy  
 robbed a Northampton, Mass. bank of  
 \$2,000,000 in 1877, has been driving a wagon  
 for one of the downtown retail houses dur-  
 ing the late teamsters' strike.

Lieut. Madden of the Central station said  
 to-day:

"We have known for some time that Rice  
 was here. Detectives picked him up and  
 he accounted for himself as being out of all  
 crooked work and was let go, but a close  
 eye was kept on him.

"While Rice is getting on in years he  
 looks husky and appears to be able to take  
 care of himself. He can stay in Chicago  
 so long as he behaves himself, and I under-  
 stand that he does mean to behave; that  
 he has passed up all his lawbreaking."

Rice in his days of crime was known as  
 one of the cleverest bank thieves and con-  
 fidence men in the United States. He  
 helped Hoban rob the Bank of Halifax,  
 N. S., of \$20,000, but his big exploit was  
 his companionship with the men who  
 planned the Northampton robbery, for  
 which he never was punished. Hope and  
 McCoy died last month, but Rice lives to  
 handle the reins at \$5 per day. He ap-  
 peared in Chicago several months ago.  
 When the strike situation grew bad and  
 teamsters were badly needed he applied  
 for a driver's position, and secured it without  
 his employer knowing who he was.

AMENDS HIS TALE OF WO.

Jerseyman Says He Was Robbed, Then  
 Changes Story of the Details.

A man who said he was Andrew Clark,  
 Jr., of 122 Morris avenue, Newark, N. J.,  
 went to the West Twentieth street station  
 yesterday afternoon and told the police  
 he had been robbed of a gold watch worth  
 \$150 while on his way from the Grand Cen-  
 tral station to the Twenty-third street  
 ferry.

He said he was riding in a coupe with  
 another man whom he didn't know, and  
 that in Twenty-fourth street, between  
 Ninth and Tenth avenues, the man took  
 his watch away from him and threw him  
 out of the coupe.

Afterward Clark changed his story. He  
 said he was robbed of his watch before he  
 got to the Twenty-third street station, but  
 he had been thrown out of the coupe on the  
 way to the ferry. The police investigated  
 the story, but hadn't made anything of it  
 last night.

The Weather.

Unsettled and showery conditions prevailed  
 generally east of the Rocky Mountains yester-  
 day. Thunderstorms with heavy rains occurred in  
 Georgia, South Dakota, Michigan and Alabama.  
 There was a large area of low pressure of slight  
 energy covering the Central States, the Lake re-  
 gions, the Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic  
 States, with moderate areas of high pressure in the  
 Gulf States, in the St. Lawrence Valley and over  
 Minnesota. It was warmer in the Ohio Valley and  
 only slightly warmer in the middle Atlantic States  
 and slightly cooler in all other districts.

In this city the day was cloudy, with scattered  
 rains in the morning; in the afternoon a heavy  
 shower fell; wind, light to fresh easterly;  
 average humidity, 77 per cent; barometer cor-  
 rected to sea level, at 8 A. M., 29.87; 3  
 P. M., 29.81.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the  
 official thermometer, is shown in the annexed  
 table:

For the District of Columbia and Maryland,  
 showers to-day, followed by fair and warmer  
 fair to-morrow, light south shifting to west wind.

For New England, showers to-day, and warmer  
 on the coast in the afternoon; fair to-morrow;  
 fresh southeast shifting to southwest winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, showers followed by  
 fair to-day, and warmer in west and north por-  
 tion; fair to-morrow; fresh southwest to west  
 winds.

For New Jersey and Delaware, showers to-day;  
 fair to-morrow; fresh southeast to west winds.

For western Pennsylvania and western New  
 York, showers, followed by fair to-day; fair to-  
 morrow; fresh northwest to west winds.

# TORTURED FILIPINOS IN COURT.

ONE MAN SHOWN WHOSE LEGS  
 WERE HACKED OFF BY BANDITS.

Others with Tongues and Lips Slashed  
 —Aguinaldo, Former Insurgent Leader,  
 a Witness in Libel Case—Describes  
 Himself as a Farmer—Crowd to See Him

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 MANILA, July 26.—Emilio Aguinaldo testi-  
 fied to-day in the Cavite insurrection libel case.  
 The former insurgent leader described him-  
 self as a farmer.

Three editors of the *Rencimiento*, the  
 most influential of the Filipino organs, were  
 arrested on the charge of libeling Capt.  
 Baker of the constabulary, whom they  
 charged with cruelty in the Cavite campaign.  
 Aguinaldo testified that a constabulary  
 officer visited his farm and compelled him to  
 go to headquarters, where he was urged to  
 influence Felizardo and Montolon, two  
 ladrones leaders, to surrender. He refused  
 to do so, alleging that he had no influence  
 with the ladrones. Thereupon Capt. Baker  
 swore at him and insulted him. He said he  
 knew of several constabulary outrages.  
 He said that ladronism was steadily di-  
 minishing.

Prosecuting Attorney Smith cross-  
 examined Aguinaldo. The former insur-  
 gent leader became pitifully rattled. He  
 abandoned his attempt to speak in Spanish  
 and testified in the Tagalog dialect through  
 an interpreter. He reiterated the state-  
 ment that he was leading a retired life as  
 an example to his countrymen, but was  
 forced to admit that he had been familiar  
 with the raids of Felizardo and Montolon.

Just at this time Aguinaldo was dramati-  
 cally and suddenly confronted with five  
 horribly tortured Filipinos who had been  
 rescued and succored by the constabulary.  
 One of these, 73 years of age, had had his  
 tongue slashed, one had been hamstringed,  
 two others had been hamstringed and their  
 lips hideously cut up, and one had his legs  
 hacked off by the Cavite ladrones. This  
 created an extraordinary sensation.

Hundreds crowded the court room for  
 half the day waiting for and afterward  
 listening to the testimony of Aguinaldo.

RUINING THE UNIONIST PARTY.

That's the Charge Against Balfour, Cham-  
 berlain and Their Followers.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, July 26.—"Most assuredly the  
 Unionist party is perishing under the treat-  
 ment it has received and is receiving from  
 Mr. Balfour, Mr. Chamberlain and those  
 who support them. Every month that  
 passes makes its condition worse. Indeed,  
 it is hardly too much to say that if Balfour  
 contrives by Parliamentary means and  
 because of the unwillingness of his sup-  
 porters to face the painful but salutary  
 operation of dissolution to keep in power  
 another year the Unionist party will by that  
 time be well nigh extinct."

Thus speaks the *Specialist* in an article  
 headed "The Ruin of the Unionist Party."  
 This weighty conservative organ is un-  
 doubtedly much influenced by its strong  
 opposition to Mr. Chamberlain's tariff  
 reform, but in drawing up an indictment  
 against the present Government it makes  
 a strong case against it.

It cannot be denied that Balfour's ad-  
 ministration has left the impression of  
 want of dignity and candor in the general  
 conduct of affairs, especially in such matters  
 as the Irish administration and the redistri-  
 bution of seats. The effect of its dealings  
 with the army have been little short of  
 disastrous. The upper ranks of the regular  
 army are distracted and discontented. It  
 is an open secret that there are piles of  
 officers' resignations at the War Office  
 which it cannot, it dare not, accept. The  
 state of affairs in the militia volunteers is  
 equally bad, but it is not necessary to take  
 in detail the causes of the Government's  
 undignified unpopularity.

It is through the enormous importance of  
 the foreign policy, with Europe as it now  
 is in the melting pot, that Balfour has  
 clung to office. It is true that England's  
 foreign policy is to an enormous extent  
 continuous, and if the Opposition came  
 into office to-morrow, it would be carried on  
 on the present lines, but it is equally true  
 that European Chancelleries do not feel  
 this way and changes of foreign Ministers  
 in England would inspire them with a  
 feeling of insecurity and instability which  
 would be very detrimental to the interest  
 of the British Foreign Office.

BARMAIDS TOO FLIRTATIOUS.

Talk to Young Men and Neglect Other  
 Customers, Says a Minister.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, July 26.—In recent years various  
 religious and social bodies have been con-  
 ducting an agitation against the employ-  
 ment of barmaids. These efforts have met  
 with little success or encouragement, but  
 the Wesleyan conference at Bristol has ap-  
 proached the subject, and a resolution from  
 a new viewpoint. Reform and not abolition  
 of the barmaid is advocated.

No aspersions were cast on the girls' moral  
 characters, but one minister com-  
 plained that during the night time in rail-  
 way station bars crowds of young men  
 stood talking to the barmaids while per-  
 sons who came in and wanted ordinary  
 refreshments were utterly neglected and  
 left to go without food.

A resolution was adopted to the effect  
 that representations should be made to  
 the railway companies that from 10 o'clock  
 at night until 5 in the morning no women  
 should be behind the bars.

French Squadron Coming Here.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BREST, July 26.—The cruisers Gloire,  
 Conde and Admiral Aube, three sister  
 ships, each of 10,000 tons and carrying  
 crews of 600 men, have been selected to  
 visit the United States to participate in  
 the ceremonies connected with the final inter-  
 ment of the remains of John Paul Jones.  
 The squadron will leave Brest early in  
 September.

Moroccan Conference in November.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
 PARIS, July 26.—The international con-  
 ference on Moroccan affairs is expected to  
 Tangier toward the end of No-  
 vember.

ARE YOU DOING YOUR SHARE?

Do you know the Joy of helping  
 a Work like that of Sea Breezes?

25c will give 1 child a Day Excursion.  
 \$2.50, 1 mother and child a happy week.  
 \$10 will give 4 marauding babies a chance.  
 \$25, a week for 10 girls earning \$4 a week with  
 no vacation money.  
 \$125 will give a Day Excursion—sail bath—  
 on the coast in the afternoon; fair to-morrow;  
 fresh southeast shifting to southwest winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, showers followed by  
 fair to-day, and warmer in west and north por-  
 tion; fair to-morrow; fresh southwest to west  
 winds.

For New Jersey and Delaware, showers to-day;  
 fair to-morrow; fresh southeast to west winds.

For western Pennsylvania and western New  
 York, showers, followed by fair to-day; fair to-  
 morrow; fresh northwest to west winds.

The New York Association for Improving

1848 the Condition of the Poor. 1848

Broadway, 133 to 34th Street

# Saks & Company

Broadway, 133 to 34th Street

MONDAY, JULY 31ST.

## Sale of Women's Waists

One thousand four hundred Women's White Lawn  
 and White Linen Waists, in a great variety of models  
 and trimmings, will be placed on sale Monday at the  
 following greatly reduced prices:

| Waists formerly \$1.00 | At 50c   |
|------------------------|----------|
| " " \$1.50 to \$1.98   | " 85c    |
| " " \$2.50 to \$2.98   | " \$1.45 |
| " " \$3.25 to \$4.00   | " \$2.15 |
| " " \$5.00 to \$7.50   | " \$3.25 |

Also two hundred waists of white Japanese silks,  
 assorted styles, lace trimmed and embroidered.  
 Formerly \$5.90 to \$8.00, at \$4.90.

MONDAY, JULY 31ST.

Clearance Sale of

## Women's Neckwear

White Mull Ties, embroidered in white, navy, pink or  
 brown, 1 to 1 1/2 yards long, 3 to 5 inches wide.  
 Regularly 25c. and 35c. Special at 19c

Crochet or Point Gaze Lace Stocks, also stocks with  
 cuffs to match, some as large as 15 inches.

Regularly 50c. and 65c. Special at 38c

Several hundred Stocks of lawn and Val. lace, em-  
 broidered lawn or linen, with or without tabs.

Special at 25c

MONDAY, JULY 31ST.

## Sale of Sterling Silver Bar Pins

Beginning on Monday, we will offer sterling silver bar  
 pins (.925 fine) heavily plated with 14k gold, five differ-  
 ent sizes, four different styles of settings, namely:  
 all rhinestones, all pearls, pearls and rhinestones or  
 pearls and turquoise alternating, at the following very  
 special prices:

|                                     |                |        |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------|
| Seven stone size in either setting. | Regularly 45c. | At 29c |
| Nine " " " " " "                    | " 55c.         | At 35c |
| Eleven " " " " " "                  | " 65c.         | At 39c |
| Thirteen " " " " " "                | " 75c.         | At 45c |
| Fifteen " " " " " "                 | " 85c.         | At 55c |

The sale will take place on special tables in the  
 main aisle.

MONDAY, JULY 31ST.

Clearance Sale of

## Fabric Gloves for Women

At Radically Reduced Prices.

Two-clasp suede lisle gloves in gray, mode, black  
 and white, also two-clasp silk taffeta gloves in gray,  
 black and white, regularly sold at fifty and seventy-  
 five cents a pair, choice of one thousand, one hun-  
 dred and sixty-eight pairs, Monday, At 35c.

MONDAY, JULY 31ST.

## Clearance Sale of Silks

At Extraordinary Price Reductions

27 inch pongee silks in brown, green, red, white, tan and  
 many other colors. Also a quantity of remnants in  
 dress and waist lengths, formerly priced at 68c, 75c and  
 \$1.00 a yard, choice of them all Monday, At 39c.

27 inch India Cawnpore and similar silks in red,  
 white, violet, sage, brown, green and myrtle, dress  
 patterns and waist lengths regularly sold during the  
 season at one-fifty a yard, Monday, At 49c.

Also several hundred remnants of summer silks in  
 desirable lengths and colors, including pongees, Chinas,  
 foulards, fancy silks, taffetas and messalines,

ALL AT HALF PRICE.

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 59c qualities at 30c | \$1.00 qualities at 50c |
| 75c qualities at 38c | \$1.25 qualities at 63c |
| 85c qualities at 43c | \$1.50 qualities at 75c |

## Printed Foulard Silks

Two thousand five hundred yards of choice fancy  
 printed foulards to be closed out at one-third of the  
 former prices. The assortment includes dozens of  
 different designs on light or dark grounds, small as  
 well as large patterns, satin and twill effects.

They will be sold as follows:

|                                  |                  |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| 24 inch, Regularly 75c. quality, | 29c a yard       |
| 24 " " " " " "                   | \$1.00 " 39c a " |

### NAVAL CUTTER RACE.

Crew of the Torpedo Station at Newport  
 Beats Crew of the Training Station.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 26.—There was a  
 naval cutter race the morning in Newport  
 Harbor between the race boat crews of the